

SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS OF
ISLAND CITY DEVELOPMENT
A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation

ARTICLE 1.
NAME

Section 1.1 Name. The name of this Corporation is Island City Development (the "Corporation").

ARTICLE 2.
OFFICE

Section 2.1 Principal Office. The principal office for the transaction of affairs and activities of the Corporation is located at 701 Atlantic Avenue, Alameda, CA 94501. The Board of Directors of the Corporation (the "Board") may change the principal office from one location to another. Any change shall be noted on these Bylaws, or this section may be amended to state the new location.

Section 2.2 Other Offices. The Board may at any time establish branch or subordinate offices at any place or places where the Corporation is qualified to conduct its activities

ARTICLE 3.

Section 3.1 Supporting Organization Under IRC §509(a)(3). This Corporation has been organized and shall operate exclusively to support the Housing Authority of the City of Alameda. ("HACA" or "AHA") and shall be operated in connection with that organization as specified in Internal Revenue Code §509(a)(3). If AHA (1) shall cease to be an organization described in Internal Revenue Code §170(b)(1)(A)(iv), §501(c)(3) and §509(a)(1) or §509(a)(2), or (2) shall substantially abandon the charitable purposes that this Corporation is organized to support, the directors shall designate a publicly supported charitable organization as described in Internal Revenue Code §170(b)(1)(A)(iv), §501(c)(3) and §509(a)(1) or §509(a)(2), in substitution for AHA, for purposes of Article 2 of the Articles of Incorporation.

ARTICLE 4.
MEMBERS

Section 4.1 Members. This Corporation shall have no members.

ARTICLE 5.
DIRECTORS

Section 5.1 Powers. Subject to the provisions and limitations of the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law and any other applicable laws, all powers and activities of the Corporation shall be exercised directly by or under the ultimate direction of the

Board. The Board may delegate the management of the activities of the Corporation to any person or persons, a management company, or committees, however composed, provided that the activities and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised under the ultimate direction of the Board.

Section 5.2 Borrowing: Funds. The Board shall have the power to borrow money and incur indebtedness on the Corporation's behalf and cause to be executed and delivered for the Corporation's purposes, in the corporate name, promissory notes, bonds, debentures, deeds of trust, mortgages, pledges, hypothecations, and other evidence of debt and securities.

Section 5.3 Number of Directors. The number of directors shall be three (3) unless a greater or lesser number is authorized by the Executive Director of AHA.

Section 5.4 Compensation and Reimbursement of Directors. The directors shall serve without compensation though they may be reimbursed for their expenditure of monies on behalf of the Corporation.

Section 5.5 Restriction on Interested Persons as Directors. No more than forty-nine percent (49%) of the persons serving on the Board of Directors may be interested persons. An interested person is (a) any person compensated by the Corporation for services rendered to it within the previous twelve (12) months, whether as a full-time or part-time employee, independent contractor, or otherwise, and (b) father, mother, parent, son, daughter, child, brother, sister, sibling, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, registered domestic partner, spouse, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, other relation by marriage, half-brother, half-sister, descendant or his/her partner of such person. However, any violation of the provisions of this paragraph shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any transaction entered into by the Corporation.

Section 5.6 Appointment and Qualification of Directors. Subject to Sections 5.9 and 5.10 below and as set forth below, the initial directors shall be appointed by the AHA's Board of Commissioners, and all subsequent directors shall be appointed by the Executive Director of AHA. The Executive Director of AHA shall appoint directors meeting the following criteria. (each a "Designated Director"):

- (a) A current Housing Authority of the City of Alameda Commissioner.
- (b) The Current Executive Director of the Housing Authority of the City of Alameda, and
- (c) A current or past employee of the Housing Authority of the City of Alameda

If a Designated Director (except a director described in (c) above) ceases to be an employee or Commissioner of AHA or, as applicable, a member of the executive cabinet of AHA such person shall automatically cease to be a director of the Corporation. If one or more Designated Director positions shall cease to exist (such as by reorganization of AHA or

otherwise), the Executive Director of AHA shall designate one or more new Designated Director positions, as needed, and shall appoint directors to those positions. If there shall cease to be either an acting or permanent Executive Director of AHA, the duties and powers of the Executive Director of AHA under these Bylaws shall be exercised by the Board of AHA.

Section 5.7 Term. The initial directors of the Corporation shall serve for a term beginning on the date on which the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation are filed with the Secretary of State and ending two (2) years from the date of filing. At such time and thereafter, the Executive Director of AHA shall appoint successor directors to serve as directors of the Board for a term of two (2) years and until a successor director has been designated and qualified.

Section 5.8 Vacancies on the Board. A vacancy shall be deemed to exist in the event that the actual number of directors is less than the authorized number for any reason.

Section 5.9 Removal of Directors. The Executive Director of AHA may remove any director with or without cause.

Section 5.10 Resignations of Directors. Except as provided below, any director may resign by giving written notice to the president or secretary of the Board. The resignation shall be effective when the notice is given unless it specifies a later time for the resignation to become effective. Except on notice to the Attorney General of California, no director may resign if the Corporation would be left without a duly elected director or directors.

Section 5.11 Filling Vacancies. Vacancies shall be filled as provided for in Section 5.6.

Section 5.12 Meetings of the Directors. Regular meetings shall be held at least quarterly in a year at such time and place as shall from time to time be fixed by the directors for the purpose of organization, election of officers and the transaction of other business.

Section 5.13 Annual Meeting. The Board shall hold an annual meeting for the purpose of organization, election of officers and the transaction of other business. Annual meetings shall be held on a date determined by the Board.

Section 5.14 Meetings by Telecommunication. Any Board meeting may be held by conference telephone, video screen communication, or other communications equipment. Participation in a meeting under this Section shall constitute presence in person at the meeting if both the following apply:

- (1) Each member participating in the meeting can communicate concurrently with all other members.
- (2) All persons participating in the meeting can hear one another.
- (3) Each member is provided the means of participating in all matters before the Board, including the capacity to propose, or to interpose an objection to, a specific

action to be taken by the Corporation.

Section 5.15 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board for any purpose may be called at any time by the president or only two (2) directors.

Section 5.16 Director Voting. Each director shall have one vote on each matter presented to the Board of Directors for action. No director may vote by proxy.

Section 5.17 Notice. Subject to public law requirements, notice of regular and special meetings shall be given to each director not less than four (4) days prior to the meeting if delivered by first class mail or not less than seventy-two (72) hours for regular meetings or forty-eight (48) hours for special meetings prior to the meeting if the notice is delivered (1) personally, (2) by telephone, including a voice messaging system or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages, or by electronic transmission, either directly to the director or to a person at the director's office who would reasonably be expected to communicate that notice promptly to the director; (3) by facsimile; (4) by electronic mail; or (5) by other electronic means. All such notices shall be given or sent to the director's address, telephone number, facsimile number or electronic mail address as shown on the Corporation's records. The notice must state the date and time of the meeting and the place of the meeting if it is other than the principal office of the Corporation. When required, public notice of a meeting shall be posted pursuant to Government Code Sections 54950-54963.

Section 5.18 Waiver of Notice. Notice of a meeting need not be given to any director who, either before or after the meeting, signs a waiver of notice, a written consent to the holding of the meeting, or an approval of the minutes of the meeting. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify the purpose of the meeting. All such waivers, consents, and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meetings. Notice of a meeting need not be given to any director who attends the meeting and does not protest, before or at the commencement of the meeting, the lack of notice to him or her.

Section 5.19 Quorum. A majority of the authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except to adjourn. Every action taken or decision made by a majority of the directors present at a duly held meeting of which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board, subject to the more stringent provisions of the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law, including, without limitation, those provisions relating to (1) approval of contracts or transactions in which a director has a direct or indirect material financial interest, (2) approval of certain transactions between corporations having common directorships, (3) creation of and appointments to committees of the Board, and (4) indemnification of directors. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, despite the withdrawal of some directors from that meeting, if any action taken or decision made is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting.

Section 5.20 Adjournment. A majority of the directors present, whether or not a quorum is present, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place. Notice of any adjournment to another time and place shall be given to the directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.

Section 5.21 Action Without a Meeting. Any action that the Board is required or permitted to take may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board consent in writing to the action. Such action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as any other validly approved action of the Board. All such consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board.

Section 5.22 Committees of Directors. The Board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors then in office, designate one (1) or more committees, each consisting of two (2) or more directors, to serve at the pleasure of the Board. Appointments to such committees shall be by majority vote of the directors then in office. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution, shall have all the authority of the Board, except that no committee, regardless of Board resolution, may:

- (a) Fill vacancies on the Board or on any committee;
- (b) Fix compensation of directors for serving on the Board or any committee;
- (c) Amend or repeal bylaws or adopt new bylaws;
- (d) Amend or repeal any resolution of the Board which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;
- (e) Appoint any other committees of the Board or the members of these committees; or
- (f) Approve any self-dealing transaction.

Section 5.23 Committee Meetings. Meetings and actions of committees shall be governed by and held and taken in accordance with the provisions of this Article IV concerning meetings of directors, with such changes in the context of these Bylaws as are necessary to substitute the committee and its members for the Board and its members. Minutes shall be kept of each meeting of any committee and shall be filed with the corporate records. The Board may adopt rules for the governance of any committee not inconsistent with the provisions of Bylaws concerning meetings of directors.

Section 5.24 Standard of Care- General. A director shall perform the duties of a director, including duties as a member of any committee of the Board on which the director may serve, in good faith, in a manner such director believes to be in the best interest of this Corporation and with such care, including reasonable inquiry, as an ordinarily prudent person in a like situation would use under similar circumstances.

In performing the duties of a director, a director shall be entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, in each case prepared or presented by:

- (a) One (1) or more officers or employees of the Corporation whom the

director believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented;

(b) Counsel, independent accountants, or other persons as to matters which the director believes to be within such person's professional or expert competence; or

(c) A committee of the Board upon which the director does not serve, as to matters within its designated authority, which committee the director believes to merit confidence, so long as in any such case, the director acts in good faith, after reasonable inquiry when the need thereof is indicated by the circumstances and without knowledge that would cause such reliance to be unwarranted.

Except in the case of a self-dealing director, as described in Section 5.25 of these Bylaws, a person who performs the duties of a director in accordance with the above shall have no liability based upon any failure or alleged failure to discharge that person's obligations as a director, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any actions or omissions which exceed or defeat a public or charitable purpose to which the Corporation, or assets held by it, are dedicated.

Section 5.25 Standard of Care-Investments. Except with respect to assets held for use or used directly in carrying out this Corporation's charitable activities, in investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling and managing this Corporation's investments, the Board shall avoid speculation, looking instead to the permanent disposition of the funds, considering the probable income, as well as the probable safety of this Corporation's capital. The provisions of Section 5.23 of these Bylaws shall apply to this Section.

Section 5.26 Self-Dealing Transactions. Except as provided below, the Board shall not approve a self-dealing transaction. A self-dealing transaction is one in which the Corporation is a party and in which one (1) or more of the directors has a material financial interest as defined in the Corporation's Conflict of Interest policy or if no such policy exists then as it is generally defined, or a transaction between this Corporation and any entity in which one (1) or more of its directors has a material financial interest as defined In the Corporation's Conflict of Interest policy or if no such policy exists then as it is generally defined. The Board may approve a self-dealing transaction if a majority of the Board, not including the self-interested director, determines that the transaction is fair and reasonable to this Corporation and, after reasonable investigation under the circumstances, determines that it could not have secured a more advantageous arrangement with reasonable effort under the circumstances.

Section 5.27 Inspection. Every director shall, at his or her own expense, have the absolute right at any reasonable time during the business hours of the Corporation to inspect and copy all books, records, and documents, and to inspect the physical properties of this Corporation.

ARTICLE 6. OFFICERS

Section 6.1 Officers of the Corporation. The officers of the Corporation shall be a president, vice-president, and a secretary/treasurer. Each appointed officer shall have the title

and authority, hold office for the period, and perform the duties specified in the Bylaws or established by the Board. The Corporation may also have at the Board's discretion, such other officers as may be appointed in accordance with Section 5.3 of these Bylaws. Any number of offices may be held by the same person, except that the secretary/treasurer may not serve concurrently as the president.

Section 6.2 Appointment of Officers. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Board shall designate all officers of the Corporation for terms of two (2) years or until their successors are designated and qualified. Officers of the Corporation shall be the Executive Director of AHA; a current Commissioner of AHA, and a current AHA employee. An officer's term shall be ended and his or her position deemed vacant upon the officer's ceasing to be an Executive Director or Commissioner of AHA.

Section 6.3 Other Officers. The Board may appoint or may authorize the president or other officer, to appoint any other officers that the Corporation may require. Each officer so appointed shall have the title, hold office for the period, have the authority, and perform the duties specified in the Bylaws or determined by the Board.

Section 6.4 Removal of Officers. Any officer may be removed with or without cause by the Board or the Executive Director of AHA at any time.

Section 6.5 Resignation of Officers. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the president or secretary of the Corporation. The resignation shall take effect as of the date the notice is received or at any later time specified in the notice and, unless otherwise specified in the notice, the resignation need not be accepted to be effective. Any resignation shall not affect the rights, if any, of the Corporation under any contract to which the officer is a party.

Section 6.6 Vacancies in Office. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in these Bylaws for regular appointments to that office, provided, however, that vacancies may be filled as they occur.

Section 6.7 Reimbursement of Expenses. The Corporation shall provide reimbursement for monies expended on behalf of the Corporation by its officers.

Section 6.8 President. The president shall serve as the chief executive officer of the Corporation and shall be responsible for conducting the affairs of the Corporation in a manner consistent with the policies and directives of the Board. The president shall preside at meetings of the Board and shall exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may from time to time be assigned to the president by the Board. Subject to the control of the Board, the president shall be the general manager of the Corporation and shall supervise, direct, and control the Corporation's activities, affairs, and officers. The president shall have such other powers and duties as the Board of the Bylaws may require.

Section 6.9 Secretary. The secretary shall have the following duties:

(a) The secretary shall keep, or cause to be kept, at the Corporation's principal office or such other place as the Board may direct, a book of minutes of all meetings, proceedings, and actions of the Board and of committees of the Board. The minutes of the meetings shall include the time and place that meeting was held, whether the meeting was annual, regular, or special, and, if special, how authorized and the notice given.

(b) The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept at the Corporation's principal office, a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Corporation, as amended to date.

(c) The secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the Board and of committees of the Board required by these Bylaws to be given. The secretary shall keep the corporate seal in safe custody and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board or the Bylaws may prescribe.

Section 6.10 Treasurer. The treasurer shall have the following duties:

(a) The treasurer shall be the chief financial officer of the Corporation and shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and accounts of the Corporation's properties and transactions. The treasurer shall send or cause to be given to the directors such financial statements and reports as are required to be given by law, by these Bylaws, or by the Board. The books of account shall be open to inspection by any director at all reasonable times during the business hours of the Corporation.

(b) The treasurer shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, all money and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the Corporation with such depositories as the Board may designate, shall disburse the Corporation's funds as the Board may order, shall render to the president and the Board, when requested, an account of all transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation, and shall have other powers and perform such other duties as the Board or the Bylaws may prescribe.

ARTICLE 7. MISCELLANEOUS

Section 7.1 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of this Corporation shall be determined by resolution of the Board.

Section 7.2 Corporate Seal. This Corporation may have a seal which shall be specified by resolution of the Board. The seal may be affixed to any corporate instruments, as directed by the Board or any of its officers, but failure to affix it shall not affect the validity of the instrument.

Section 7.3 Contracts. All contracts entered into on behalf of this Corporation must be authorized by the Board, or, where the contract is for less than Two Hundred Fifty Thousand

Dollars (\$250,000), by the president, or if the president is absent , another director of the Board.

Section 7.4 Execution of Checks. Except as otherwise provided by law, every check, draft, promissory note, money order, or other evidence of indebtedness of the Corporation shall be signed by such individuals as are authorized by the Board.

Section 7.5 Indemnification. This Corporation shall indemnify its directors, officers, employees, and agents, including persons formerly occupying any such position, to the fullest extent permitted by law, against all expenses, judgments, fines and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred by them in connection with any threatened, pending or completed action or proceeding, whether it is civil, criminal, administrative or investigative.

In all cases where indemnification is sought, the Corporation shall be subject to the following restrictions and requirements:

(a) Where the action or proceeding *is* brought on behalf of the Corporation or involves self-dealing transactions, as defined in Section 5.25 of these Bylaws, the Corporation shall not indemnify against amounts paid in settlement or judgment amounts, but shall, upon the express authorization of the Board, indemnify the director, officer, employee or agent against expenses incurred in defense of an action arising from his or her relation to the Corporation. To indemnify in such cases the Board must find the person met the statutorily prescribed standard of care by acting (1) in good faith, (2) in the best interests of the Corporation, and (3) with the care of an ordinarily prudent person.

(b) Where the person seeking indemnification under this section has been held liable to the Corporation or has settled his or her liability to the Corporation, the Corporation shall not indemnify against expenses without the approval of the court or the Attorney General.

(c) The Board shall determine whether the person seeking indemnification has acted in accordance with the standard of care set forth in subsection (a) of this section by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of disinterested directors. The termination of any proceeding in a manner adverse to the defendant seeking indemnification shall not create a presumption that such person failed to meet the standard of care.

(d) Where the person seeking indemnification has been successful on the merits in defense of any action or proceeding brought on behalf of the Corporation or in defense of any claim or issue involved in such action or proceeding, the Corporation shall indemnify against all expenses actually or reasonably incurred.

(e) The Corporation shall not advance any money to the person seeking indemnification for the purpose of defending against any action or proceeding without the receipt of an undertaking by such person to repay all advances unless it is ultimately determined that he or she is entitled to indemnification.

Section 7.6 Insurance. The Board may adopt a resolution authorizing the purchase of insurance on behalf of any director, officer, employee or agent of this Corporation against any liability asserted against or incurred by the director, officer, employee or agent in such capacity or arising out of the director's, officer's, employee's or agent's status as such, whether or not this corporation would have the power to indemnify the director, officer, employee, or agent against that liability under law; except, the Corporation may not purchase insurance to protect self-dealing directors (as defined in Section 5.25 of these Bylaws) from liability.

Section 7.7 Annual Report to Directors. The president shall furnish a written report at the annual meeting of the fiscal year to all directors of this Corporation containing the following information:

- (a) The assets and liabilities, including the trust funds, of this Corporation as of the end of the fiscal year;
- (b) The principal changes in assets and liabilities, including trust funds, during the fiscal year;
- (c) The revenue or receipts of this Corporation both unrestricted and restricted for particular purposes, for the fiscal year;
- (d) The expenses or disbursements of this Corporation, for both general and restricted purposes during the fiscal year.
- (e) An independent accountants' report or, if none, the certificate of an authorized officer of the corporation that such statements were prepared without audit from the corporation's books and records.

The president must furnish a written report to all directors that lists every transaction during the prior fiscal year involving Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) or more between this Corporation or a subsidiary and any director or officer of this Corporation or a subsidiary. The report must disclose the name of the director or officer and the person's relationship to the Corporation, the nature of such person's interest in the transaction and, where practicable, the amount of such interest. The president must also furnish an annual written report to all directors disclosing the amount and circumstances of any indemnifications or advances aggregating more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) paid during the prior fiscal year to any officer or director of the Corporation.

This requirement of an annual report shall not apply if the corporation receives less than \$25,000 in gross receipts during the fiscal year, provided, however, that the information specified above for inclusion in an annual report must be furnished annually to all directors and to any member who requests it in writing. If the Board approves, the corporation may send the report and any accompanying material sent pursuant to this section by electronic transmission. If a report sent to the Attorney General in compliance with the requirements of Government Code Sections 12580-12599.7 includes the information required on the annual report, then the

corporation may furnish a copy of its report to the Attorney General in lieu of the annual report whenever it is required to furnish an annual report.

Section 7.8 Amendment of Bylaws. The Bylaws may be amended or repealed and new Bylaws adopted by the vote of a majority of all the members of the Board, provided that any amendment to the Bylaws must receive the prior approval of AHA's Board of Commissioners. Such amended or newly adopted Bylaws shall take effect immediately.

Section 7.9 Applicable Law. This Corporation shall be subject to any and all applicable state, federal and local laws, including, but not limited to, such laws as may be applicable as a result of the Corporation's affiliation with AHA.

CERTIFICATION OF SECRETARY

I, the undersigned, do hereby certify:

That I am the duly elected and acting Secretary of Island City Development, a California nonprofit public benefit Corporation; and

That the foregoing Bylaws, comprising twelve (12) pages, constitute the Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of such Corporation as adopted and ratified by the directors of the Corporation at a duly constituted meeting held on March 18, 2026.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, this 18th day of March, 2026.



Alicia Southern, Secretary